

PRIMARY INFERTILITY RESULTING FROM **OOCYTE MATURATION ARREST: A CASE REPORT**

Wellstar MCG Health

Jaclyn Kwal MD (1), Shidramappa Kotagi (2), Anna Sosa (2), Larisa Gavrilova-Jordan, MD (1), Lawrence C Layman, MD (1), Soumia Brakta, MD (1)

(1) Section of Reproductive Endocrinology, Infertility and Genetics, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Medical College of Georgia at Augusta University, Augusta, GA, United States (2) Reproductive Laboratories of Augusta, Embryology, Wellstar MCG Health, Augusta, GA, United States

BACKGROUND

- Oocyte maturation arrest (OMA), characterized by abnormal meiosis and failure of polar body formation, was first linked to infertility in 1990 during in-vitro-fertilization (IVF) [1].
- Most cases remain unsolved, though scarce literature includes rare pathogenic variants in TRIP13 and mechanisms that may contribute to its etiology [2-4].

OBJECTIVE

 To present a case of primary infertility with repeated M1 oocyte arrest and use of experimental invitro maturation (IVM) culture media to mature oocytes in-vitro.

MATERIALS & METHODS

Patient Background:

- 39 years old North African nulligravida with 14 years of infertility
- Two IVF cycles at different centers
- Donor oocyte precluded by religious beliefs

MATERIALS & METHODS

First IVF Cycle (2013, Age 28, Georgia, USA):

- Protocol: Long Lupron with Follistim 200 IU / Menopur 75 IU
- Stimulation day 11, Peak Estradiol (E2): 7850 pg/mL
- hCG trigger, Oocyte retrieval at 36 hours
- · Outcome: 12 M1 oocytes
- 8 conventional IVF: 4 denuded and none mature for ICSI
- · All oocytes remained unchanged at M1 stage

Second IVF Cycle (2016, Age 31, Jordan):

- AMH: 4.8 ng/mL
- Antagonist protocol, no information on gonadotropin dose
- hCG trigger 10,000 units
- Oocyte retrieval at 36 hours
- Outcome: 22 oocytes (19 M1, 2 GV, 1 FZ)

Third IVF Cycle (2023, Age 39, Georgia, USA):

- AMH: 1.6 ng/mL
- TRIP13 Sequence analysis and deletion/duplication testing: negative
- Protocol: Microdose Lupron, Follistim 375 IU / Menopur 150 IU
- Prolonged stim to day 14, 7 follicles >20mm, Peak E2: 4076 pg/mL
- Ovidrel trigger
- Oocvte retrieval 36 hours later
- Outcome: 11 oocvtes (9 M1, 1 GV, 1 FZ)
- Experimental in-vitro maturation (IVM) culture media: 9 M1s and 1GV

Experimental IVM Culture Media:

- Prepared 1 day before retrieval using the Medicult IVM System
- 3 mL LAG Medium (Vial 1) and 10 mL IVM Medium (Vial 2) preequilibrated in CO₂ at 37°C for ≥12 hours

Process:

- Retrieved oocvtes stored in LAG Medium for 2-3 hours
- Transferred to IVM Maturation Medium containing: o 9 mL IVM Medium, 1 mL patient's serum, 10 µL hCG solution, 100 µL FSH
- Incubated in IVM Medium for 48 hours

RESULTS

- · Oocytes were incubated in IVM medium and evaluated at 24, 28, and 48 hours in culture.
- All oocytes remained MI (Fig 2)

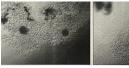




Figure 1: Oocytes at retrieval





Figure 2: 9M1 + 1 GV oocytes after 48hrs in IVM Culturing remain immature

CONCLUSION

- Despite 14 years of infertility, 3 IVF cycles, no TRIP13 pathogenic variant, and a trial of IVM, the patient has primary infertility due to abnormal meiosis causing oocyte maturation arrest at the MI stage.
- A possible etiology of oocyte maturation arrest includes a genetic component.
- · We are performing genome sequencing to further understand the pathogenesis of oocvte maturation.

REFERENCES

- Rudak, E., et al., Anomalies of human oocytes from infertile women undergoing treatment by in vitr
- fortilization. Fertil Steril, 1990. **54**(2): p. 292-6.
 Mrazek, M. and J. Fulka, Jr., Failure of oocyte maturation: possible mechanisms for oocyte maturatio arrest. Hum Reprod, 2003. 18(11): p. 2249-52.

 3. Chen, J., et al., Identification of a novel splicing variant of thyroid hormone receptor interaction protein 13
- (TRIP13) in female infertility characterized by occyte maturation arrest. J Assist Reprod Genet, 2024. Fel, C.F. and L.O. Zhou, Gene mutations impede oocyte maturation, fertilization, and early embryonic development. Bioessays, 2022. 44(10): p. e2200007.